

OVERVIEW

- Brief refresher on DCCs
- Work done to date
- Capital and Land Cost Increases
- Assist Factors
- Commercial and Industrial paying Parks DCCs

- Exemption below \$75,000 construction value
- DCC sectors
- DCC Waivers for Affordable housing
- Communications and Engagement
- Next steps



WHO PAYS DCCs?

- Applicants for subdivision approval to create single family development sites
- Applicants for building permits to construct multi-family, commercial, industrial, and institutional development









WHAT CAN DCCs PAY FOR?

Transportation



Infrastructure



- Sanitary sewer
- Storm drainage
- Parkland and limited park development



But...these must be related to development!





BASIC DCC CALCULATION





Work conducted to date

- Reviewed current DCC project list projects constructed, changed, or deleted, and projects still required.
- Reviewed infrastructure master plans and other plans to build infrastructure to serve growth
- Reviewed recent actual construction costs, material costs and tender prices
- Reviewed construction cost indices
- Prepared updated construction costs for DCC projects
- Meetings with working group to discuss projects and revised costs
- Reviewed OCP growth projections
- Prepared communications and engagement plan



COST INCREASES

- Roads Costs about a 50% increase
- Sewer Costs about a 145% increase
- Storm Drainage Costs greater than 50% increase
- Water Costs about a 62% increase
- Parks Costs not yet determined, but land costs have increased significantly
- These costs may not translate directly into the same DCC increases, but will have a significant impact



COST INCREASES

- Sources of cost increases
 - Material costs all areas, but particularly pipe and concrete
 - Labour costs
 - Changes in project scope once project is clarified
 - Land costs
- Information from recently constructed projects and recent tender prices, as well as construction cost indices



ASSIST FACTOR

- City must provide assistance to pay costs of off-site infrastructure required by development
- Extent of assist factor at Council's discretion
- Can vary by service (i.e., roads different than water)
- Cannot vary by area of community, or land use



EXAMPLE - Changing Assist Amounts

Road upgrade project

	1% Assist	25% Assist	50% Assist	
Project Cost	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	
Percentage required for Growth	100%	100%	100%	
Assist amount, paid by City (Taxpayers)	\$20,000	\$500,000	\$1,000,000	
Paid By DCCs	\$1,980,000	\$1,500,000	\$1,000,000	
Development Units	800	800	800	
DCCs per unit	\$2475	\$1875	\$1250	



ASSIST FACTORS

Comparisons of Assist factors

	Roads	Sewage	Drainage	Water	Parks
West Kelowna	1%	1%	1%	1%	25%
Kelowna	15%	1%	n/a	1%	8%
Peachland	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Penticton	5%	15%	3%	15%	5%
Lake Country	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Vernon	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%



ASSIST FACTORS

- Assist Factor
 - Council decision Provides an assist to new development
 - Even though the project (or part of the project) benefits new development, the City and its existing taxpayers pay for it.
 - Could be used to reduce or phase in the increases due to higher construction costs. For example:
 - 30% assist in year 1
 - 15% assist in year 2
 - 1% assist in year 3
 - Council decision once we have draft DCC rates



Parks DCCs for Commercial and Industrial

- Many communities are charging Parks DCCs for Commercial and Industrial uses
- For example: City of Kelowna and Lake Country
- Commercial and Industrial uses can place demands on parks as employees, tourists, and business visitors use parks. Parks also provide a benefit by providing a more attractive community to do business
- Recommendation: Charge Parks DCCs for Commercial and Industrial uses





Exemption below \$75,000 construction value

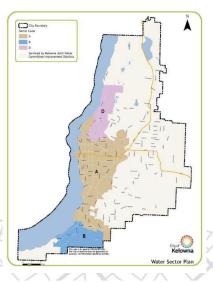
- Currently the DCC bylaw provides an exemption for any construction value below \$75,000.
- With recent increases in construction costs, could consider increasing this amount to \$100,000



DCC Sectors

- DCCs calculated based on different areas
- Some communities have sectors, other communities have the same charge across entire Municipality
- Kelowna example







DCC Sectors

- Pros
 - Allows cost to be allocated to the areas that are causing the impacts on infrastructure
 - May result in lower costs for core or infill forms of development



DCC Sectors

Cons

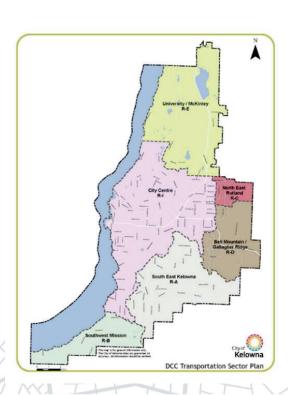
- Requires separate reserve funds for the sectors
- more little pots of money rather than one big pot of money
- Requires more detailed accounting
- Challenges with transition to sector approach
- Can be a challenge to define sector boundaries
- Can be a challenge to allocate costs to sectors

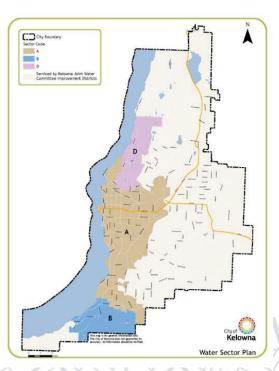


DCC Sectors

Cons

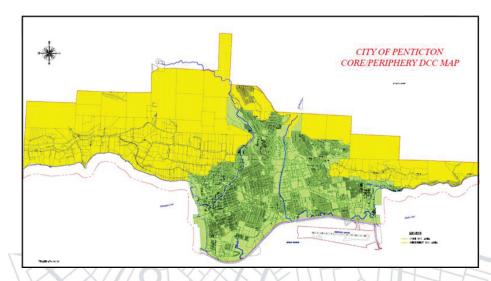
 Often sector boundaries differ for different services

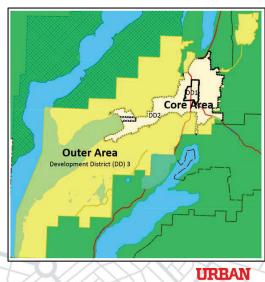




DCC Sectors

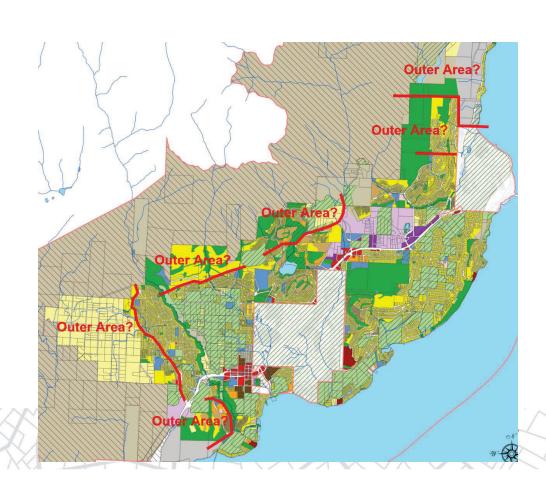
• Could address by having Core and outer areas like Penticton or Vernon





DCC Sectors

How to define core and outer in West Kelowna?



DCC Sectors - Project types

- Looked for projects that only serve outer areas
- Water only a couple of projects
- Roads parts of several projects
- Drainage a few potential projects
- Sewer-none
- Parks-none







DCC Sectors – Recommendation

- Cons of having sectors outweigh the pros
- Do not implement a sector based approach
- Retain the existing City–Wide approach
- Reconsider in future updates if more outer/sprawl types of projects are identified
- Other tools available to ensure outer / sprawl development pays their costs of growth



DCC Waivers for Affordable Rental Housing

Local Government Act

- a local government may waive or reduce a development cost charge for an eligible development.
 - (a) not-for-profit rental housing, including supportive living housing
 - (b) for-profit affordable rental housing



DCC Waivers for Affordable Rental Housing

A range of approaches used in the Valley

- No reduction
- DCC waived for specific types that meet definition
- Considered on a case by case basis







DCC Waivers for Affordable Rental Housing

Replacing the Shortfall

- Bear in mind that if DCCs are waived, the shortfall needs to be addressed
- DCC amounts waived for affordable or not-for-profit rental housing should be replenished by taxes or other sources.
- This likely means that taxpayers are footing the bill for the DCC shortfall, and it is not simply an amount that is forgone by the City.
- A more transparent approach might be to **provide an outright grant** (likely paid by taxpayers) to the housing group that they can give to the City **to pay DCCs**.
- That is essentially what happens when the DCC reserve fund is replenished by taxpayer funds to make up for shortfall from the DCCs waived.



DCC Waivers for Affordable or Rental Housing

- Recently there has been a trend to consider each on a case by case basis due to many different situations that may arise.
- Writing definitions and exemptions permanently into the bylaw can create issues – some developments qualifying where Council might not want to see DCCs Waived
- Even if no reduction in bylaw, can still consider on a case by case basis



DCC Waivers for Affordable or Rental Housing

Recommendation:

 Consider waiving DCCs for affordable or nonprofit rental housing on a case by case basis



Next Steps and Engagement

Key focus areas for external engagement:

- The **development community** UDI, Home builders, others
- West Kelowna **Residents** thoughts on paying for growth
- The Ministry DCC bylaw required their approval
- Adjacent jurisdictions to keep them informed
- Coordination with OCP and Transportation Master Plan engagement



Next Steps and Engagement

Development community

- Review with UDI Liaison Committee
- Virtual Stakeholder Workshop with Development Community – UDI, Home Builders - October / November
- Ongoing dialogue





Next Steps and Engagement

West Kelowna Residents

- West Kelowna Website Content September
- Public Service Announcement (DCC Engagement Begins)
- Update issued to e-News subscribers October
- Cross promotion opportunities during OCP and Transportation Master Plan engagement



Next Steps and Engagement

West Kelowna Residents

- Prepare questionnaire focus on asking about paying for growth
- Supporting social media posts (get involved, complete the questionnaire)
- e-News DCC update to subscribers to review the Draft DCCs
- Social Media Post (Review the Draft DCCs)



Next Steps and Engagement

The Ministry and Adjacent Jurisdictions

- 1st Draft to Ministry for initial Review,
- Send Drafts to RDCO, WFN and Peachland for information
- Send final bylaw to RDCO, WFN and Peachland for information
- Send final Bylaw to Ministry for Approval





Next Steps and Engagement

Council

- Review First draft of DCC rates in October, before going to Development Community and Residents
- After engagement on the first draft will come back to Council with the input - November
- Identify changes and then move on to final DCC bylaw



BYLAW APPROVAL PROCESS

- DCC projects need to be set out in the City's Financial Plan
- DCC bylaw requires approval of Inspector of Municipalities
- Ministry of Municipal Affairs staff review bylaw prior to forwarding to inspector.
- Typical process:
 - Three readings by Council
 - Referral to Ministry/Inspector
 - Approval by Inspector
 - Fourth reading / Adoption by Council



